

Claude **Steele** [1997], Brewster **Smith** [1986], Eleanor **Maccoby** [1975], Elliot **Aronson** [1990], Christina **Maslach** [1988], Philip **Zimbardo** [1983], Dorothy **Eichorn** [1988], Gordon **Bower** [1991], Nancy **Eisenberg** [1996], Richard **Thompson** [1995], Albert **Bandura** [1981], and Robert **Solso** [1998] (stolen from https://www.uky.edu/~eushe2/Bandura/BanWPA.html)

N.B.: Identification convention – boldface surname with bracketed presidential year or years

WPA Presidents from Antiquity to the Present Day:

Biographical, Historical, and Historiometric Moments

So let's start with the main title and then go to the subtitle!

PAST PRESIDENTS OF THE WESTERN PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION									
1920s	1930s	1940s	1950s	1960s	1970s	1980s	1990s	2000s	2010s
	John E. Coover	Howard R. Taylor	Floyd L. Ruch	Donald B. Lindsley	Harold H. Kelley	Norma D. Feshbach	Elliot Aronson	Diane F. Halpern	Stanley Sue
Lewis M. Terman	Stevenson Smith	Mary Brooks Eyre	Maud A. Merrill	David Krech	Howard H. Kendler	Albert Bandura	Gordon Bower	Philip G. Zimbardo	Jeffery S. Mio
Lewis M. Terman	Calvin P. Stone	Ernst R. Hilgard	Robert Leeper	F. Theodore Perkins	R. Nevitt Sanford	Patricia Keith-Spiege	John Garcia	Leona S. Aiken	Delia S. Saenz
Edward C. Tolman	Edward K. Strong	Jean W. Mcfarlane	Ruth S. Tolman	John P. Seward	Fred Attneave	Philip G. Zimbardo	James L. McGaugh	Dale E. Berger	Robert V. Levine
Edmund S. Conklin	Edwin R. Guthrie	Jean W. Mcfarlane	Nancy Bayley	D. W. MacKinnon	Paul H. Mussen	Elizabeth Loftus	Shelly E. Taylor	Cheryl L. Spinweber	Victoria M. Follette
Arthur H. Sutherland	Harold E. Jones	Jean W. Mcfarlane	Neil D. Warren	Robert R. Sears	Eleanor Maccoby	Marilyn B. Brewer	Richard F. Thompson	Elizabeth Loftus	Jodie B. Ullman
Walter A. Miles	Grace M. Fernald	Jean W. Mcfarlane	Allen L. Edwards	Hugh M. Bell	Richard C. Atkinson	M. Brewster Smith	Nancy Eisenberg	Gordon Bower	Howard S. Friedman
Kate Gordon	Milton Metfessel	Joy P. Guilford	Joseph A. Gengerelli	Eliot H. Rodnick	Seymour Feshbach	Joseph D. Matarazzo	Claude Steele	Robert Pelligrini	Joan S. Tucker
Shepard L. Franz	Paul R. Farnsworth	Robert C. Tryon	Leona E. Tyler	Leo Postman	Tracy S. Kendler	Dorothy Eichorn	Robert L. Solso	Peter Bentler	Terry A. Cronan
Warner Brown	Knight Dunlap	Ralph L. Grundlach	Quinn McNemar	Frank Beach	Irwin G. Sarason	Christina Maslach *	Robert A. Bjork	Ronald E. Riggio	Laura Freberg

*also current 2020 President

WPA Presidents who have also served as APA Presidents

•	Lewis M. Terman	1921-22	1923
•	Edward C. Tolman	1923	1937
•	Walter R. Miles	1926	1932
•	Shepard I. Franz	1928	1920
•	Edwin R. Guthrie	1934	1945
•	Knight Dunlap	1939	1922
•	Ernest R. Hilgard	1942	1949
•	Joy P. Guilford	1947	1950
•	Leona E. Tyler	1958	1973
•	Quinn McNemar	1959	1964
•	Robert R. Sears	1965	1951
•	Albert Bandura	1981	1974
•	Philip G. Zimbardo	1983/2001	2002
•	M. Brewster Smith	1986	1978
•	Joseph Matarazzo	1987	1989
•	Diane F. Halpern	2000	2004

Most often, WPA is the stepping stone to APA, but sometimes not, like Robert R. **Sears** [1965], who started his career in the East and Midwest before returning West

WPA Presidents who have also served as APS Presidents

 James L. McGaugh 	1993	1989-1991	
 Gordon Bower 	1991/2006	1991-1993	Since the advent of
• Marilynn B. Brewer	1985	1993-1995	APS in 1988, WPA Presidents are
 Richard F. Thompson 	1995	1995-1996	more likely to become Presidents
 Elizabeth Loftus 	1984/2005	1998-1999	of APS than APA
• Robert A. Bjork	1999	2000-2001	
 Nancy Eisenberg 	1996	2014-2015	

What am I supposed to do with these folks?

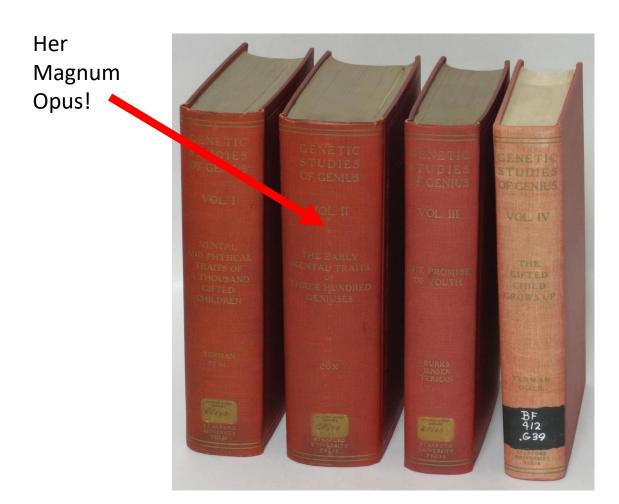
- The subtitle says
 - Biographical, historical, and historiometric moments
 - We all know what the first two adjectives signify
 - So what does "historiometric" mean?
- Historiometric research applies quantitative methods to biographical and historical data in order to test scientific hypotheses using multiple-case samples of eminent persons, creative products, or significant events
- Although the term was not formally defined until the early 20th century, it's the oldest scientific method in the behavioral sciences!
- Hence, a brief historiometry's history that somehow takes us through the very first President of WPA, Lewis M. **Terman** [1921, 1922] twice!

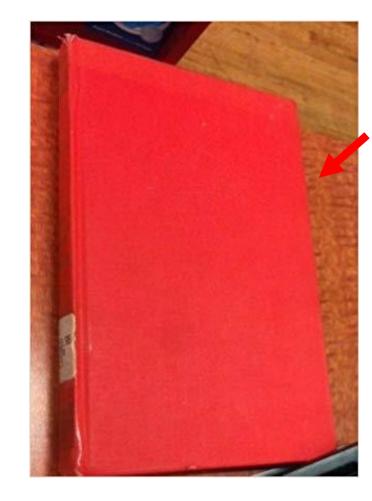
- Quetelet (1835): first historiometric study; introduces the normal distribution of individual differences (alas, including the BMI)
- Galton (1869): first historiometric monograph; "natural ability" (aka intelligence) normally distributed; genius at upper tail
- Cattell (1904): historiometric measure of individual differences in achieved eminence for 1000 historic figures using reference works
- Terman (1916) puts out first edition of Stanford-Binet, and hence ...
- **Terman** (1917) publishes "The intelligence quotient of Francis Galton in childhood" based on Pearson's (1914) biography and using the same IQ = 100xMA/CA definition of the Stanford-Binet (IQ ≈ 200!)

- In 1921, the same year that **Terman** became WPA President, he began collecting participants for his five-volume *Genetic Studies of Genius* (1925-1959), where "genius" defined as IQ 140 (top 1%); two tidbits
 - Robert R. **Sears** [1965], a "Termite," became an investigator in this classic longitudinal study after Terman's death in 1956 (e.g., Holahan & **Sears**, 1995)
 - Howard S. Friedman [2016] (not a "Termite") continued the longitudinal study long after Sears died (e.g., Duggan & Friedman, 2014; Friedman, 2011)
- Catharine Cox, Terman's 30-year old 2nd-year graduate student, switches from collecting Termites to extending Terman's (1917) methodology to Cattell's (1903) eminent sample to determine the relation between estimated IQ and achieved eminence, resulting in ...

- The Early Mental Traits of Three Hundred Geniuses (sic; N = 301)
 - The greatest single historiometric study ever published, before or since!
 - Substantial improvements over **Terman** (1917), especially use of multiple raters with experience administering the Stanford-Binet, among them Cox herself, her mentor **Terman**, and Maud **Merrill** [1951], who collaborated with **Terman** in the Stanford-Binet 2nd edition and after his death released 3rd edition (N.B.: Merrill kept her name after 1933 marriage to "Judge" James)
 - Advanced historiometric methods for estimating personality traits (67 traits for subset n = 100 using 2 independent raters)
 - Dissertation signed off in 1925, and at once included as Volume II in *Genetic Studies of Genius*, the *only* volume not involving the Termites or naming **Terman** as either author or coauthor (viz. Cox, 1926)
 - Also the thickest volume in the entire set 842 pages!

Terman's Genetic Studies of Genius





N.B.: **Terman**'s posthumous volume got less prestigious treatment at SUP

What my well-used personal copy looks like!

Binding totally

falling apart

Numerous frayed bookmarks

Yet I bought it new from Stanford University Press! (viz. the 1969 4th printing)

- Cox somewhat distracted from doing more historiometric research
 - In 1927 married one of **Terman**'s colleagues, Walter A. **Miles** [1925], at once becoming the mother to his three teenaged children, plus adding two of their own (but one dying at birth); henceforth known as Catharine Cox Miles
 - Pursued a rather contentious "collaboration" with **Terman** regarding gender differences (e.g., the **Terman**-Miles Masculinity-Femininity Test)
 - Joined her husband for two Yale appointments, she as clinical professor (where she met **Sears**, who wrote her excellent 1986 *AJP* obituary just a few years before his own death, she dying in 1984 and he in 1989)
- Even so, she continued studying her 301 geniuses on the side, publishing one preliminary report:
 - Miles and Wolfe (1936): "Childhood physical and mental health records of historical geniuses" (*Psychological Monographs*)

- Yet the "Walter R. and Catharine Cox Miles papers" were deposited at the Center for the History of Psychology at the University of Akron
- There Anna V. Song, then my graduate student (now UC Merced Associate Professor), made visits to discover if Cox-Miles had any unanalyzed data hidden in the dusty files, eventually leading to:
 - Simonton and Song (2009): "Eminence, IQ, physical and mental health, and achievement domain: Cox's 282 geniuses revisited" (*Psychological Science*)
 - This historiometric study was based 100% on the Cox-Miles data, both published and unpublished!
 - Sadly, though, Anna and I never found what we were really searching for, namely, the subset of 100 geniuses assessed on 67 personality traits!

So why not make more history by conducting a historiometric study of past WPA Presidents?

- The hypothesis? Whether estimated IQ correlates with eminence!
- After all, yours truly already has plenty of experience estimating the intelligence of (US) presidents (just google "Simonton president IQs")
- and the potential sample size is even larger!
- Unfortunately, my invitation to give this talk came on too short notice for me to complete such an ambitious investigation
- Besides, I'm semi-retired, which means I have the luxury to set my own professional and personal priorities
- Better still, past WPA Presidents have already been historiometric subjects used or abused by me and other researchers ...

- Simonton (1985): "Quality, quantity, and age: The careers of 10 distinguished psychologists" (*International Journal of Aging and Human Development*)
 - *n/N* = 3/10 (30%): Edward C. **Tolman** [1923], Joy P. **Guilford** [1947], and Albert **Bandura** [1981]
- Simonton (1992): "Leaders of American psychology, 1879-1967: Career development, creative output, and professional achievement" ("Centennial Feature" in *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*)
 - *n/N* = 6/69 (9%): Lewis M. **Terman** [1921, 1922], Edward C. **Tolman** [1923], Calvin P. **Stone** [1932], Edward K. **Strong** [1933], Edwin **Guthrie** [1934], and Knight **Dunlap** [1939]

- Simonton (2000): "Methodological and theoretical orientation and the long-term disciplinary impact of 54 eminent psychologists" (*Review of General Psychology*)
 - n/N = 2/54 (4%): Lewis M. **Terman** [1921, 1922] and Edward C. **Tolman** [1923]
 - But sample included Helmholtz, Galton, Pavlov, Freud, Piaget, Horney, Hebb, etc.
- Simonton (2008): "Gender differences in birth order and family size among 186 eminent psychologists" (*Journal of Psychology of Science and Technology*)
 - n/N = 15/186 (8%): Lewis M. Terman [1921, 1922], Edward C. Tolman [1923], Walter A. Miles [1926], Edwin Guthrie [1934], Ernst R. Hilgard [1942], Joy P. Guilford [1947], Nancy Bayley [1954], Leona Tyler [1958], Quinn McNemar [1959], David Krech [1961], Robert R. Sears [1965], Eleanor Maccoby [1975], Patricia Keith-Spiegel [1982], Dorothy Eichorn [1988], and Diane Halpern [2000]

- Simonton, D. K. (2017). Eminent female psychologists in family context: Historical trends for 80 women born 1847-1950. *Journal of Genius and Eminence*, 1, 15-25.
- Simonton, D. K. (2018). Achieved eminence in 80 female psychologists: Family, marriage, children, education, career, and contributions. *Journal of Genius and Eminence*, 3, 1-12.
 - *n/N* = 6/80 (8%): Nancy **Bayley** [1954], Leona **Tyler** [1958], Eleanor **Maccoby** [1975], Patricia **Keith-Spiegel** [1982], Dorothy **Eichorn** [1988], and Diane **Halpern** [2000]
- Nor am I the only historiometrician using WPA Presidents ...

- Boring and Boring (Mollie & E. G.; 1948): "Masters and pupils among the American psychologists" (American Journal of Psychology)
 - n/N = 9/118 (8%): Lewis M. Terman [1921-22], Edward C. Tolman [1923], Walter R. Miles [1926], Calvin P. Stone [1932], Edward K. Strong [1933], Harold E. Jones [1935], Knight Dunlap [1939], Ernest R. Hilgard [1942], Joy P. Guilford [1947], and Robert C. Tryon [1948]
- Suedfeld (1985): "APA presidential addresses: The relation of integrative complexity to historical, professional, and personal factors" (Journal of Personality and Social Psychology)
 - n/N = 13/85 (15%): Lewis M. Terman [1921-22], Edward C. Tolman [1923], Walter R. Miles [1926], Shepard I. Franz [1928], Edwin R. Guthrie [1934], Knight Dunlap [1939], Ernest R. Hilgard [1942], Joy P. Guilford [1947], Leona E. Tyler [1958], Quinn McNemar [1959], Robert R. Sears [1965], Albert Bandura [1981], and M. Brewster Smith [1986]

- Terry (1989): "Birth order and prominence in the history of psychology" (*Psychological Record*)
 - n/N = 9/74 (12%): Lewis M. Terman [1921, 1922], Edward C. Tolman [1923], Walter A. Miles [1926], Edwin Guthrie [1934], Ernst R. Hilgard [1942], Joy P. Guilford [1947], Quinn McNemar [1959], David Krech [1961], and Robert R. Sears [1965]
- Even better, some former WPA Presidents have themselves conducted historiometric research, as in the following two examples

Historiometric studies by WPA Presidents

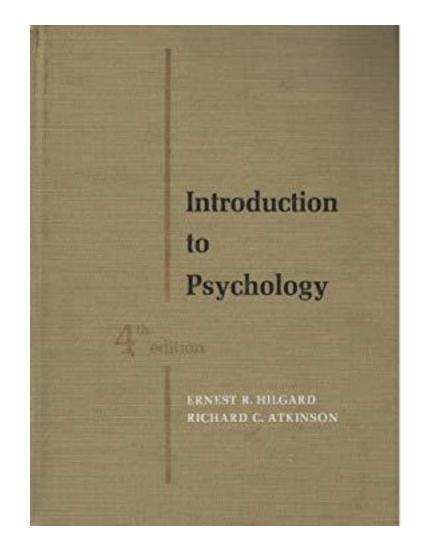
- Paul R. Farnsworth [1938] (also first President of APA's Division 10 in 1945):
 - His 1969 *The Social Psychology of Music* (2nd ed.) compared the amount of space that 92 classical composers received in three types of reference works (music histories, music encyclopedias, and general encyclopedias) across six decades (viz. the 1900s, 1920s, 1930s, 1940s, 1950s, and 1960s)
 - The three correlation matrices reveal that eminence exhibits considerable transhistorical stability across 70 years
 - But is that stability due to *autoregression* (each decade's evaluation revises the previous evaluation in a quasi-simplex model) or a single stable *latent factor* called "Galton's *G*" that impinges equally on all decades (modelled after "Spearman's *g*")?
 - Answer is the latter: Simonton (1991): "Latent-variable models of posthumous reputation: A quest for Galton's *G*" (*Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*)
 - Parameter estimates via the 1989 EQS program just created by Peter Bentler [2008]!

Historiometric studies by WPA Presidents

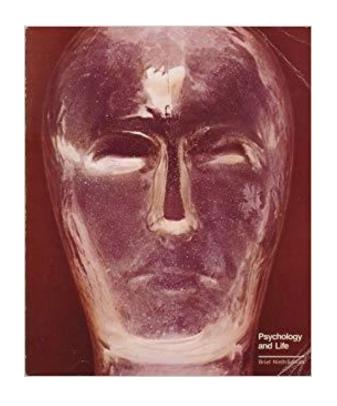
- White (1931): "The versatility of genius" (Journal of Social Psychology)
 - Using the raw data in typescript now still available at the Terman Archives at Stanford, estimated versatility for 300 [sic] geniuses in Cox (1926)
 - Gratitude expressed to Dr. Catherine [sic] Cox Miles and Dr. Calvin P. Stone [1932]
 - Yet strikingly, a footnote at the bottom of the first page says "The study was initiated by Dr. Lewis M. Terman, and carried out under his direction" who also had recommended its publication to Carl Murchison of the *JSP* editorial board
 - White was then a mere 24 year-old 2nd-year Stanford graduate student who revealed little enthusiasm for historiometric methods, and eventually did his thesis on a totally unrelated subject: "A factor analysis of tests designed to measure fluency, atypicality, and intellectual curiosity" signed off in 1937 by **Terman**, Quinn **McNemar** [1959], and Ernest R. **Hilgard** [1942]
 - White then went to Iowa to work with Kurt Levin on the classic Lewin, Lippitt, and White (1939) experiment, becoming a pioneer in peace research and commemorated in APA Division 48's Ralph K. White Lifetime Achievement Award (M. Brewster **Smith** [1986] was the 1999 recipient)
 - Hence, according to current APA authorship guidelines, I would add Terman as a coauthor!

Concluding biographical moments

- Putting historiometric research aside, I would like to express my gratitude to various past WPA Presidents for their impact on my professional development as a psychologist
- I'm sure many members of my audience could express indebtedness echoing my own



Thanks to Ernst R. Hilgard [1942] and Richard C. Atkinson [1976] for writing the great intro text assigned in the psch 1 l took as an undergraduate: It inspired me to change majors from chemistry to psychology



Thanks to Philip G. **Zimbardo** [1983, 2001] and Floyd L. **Ruch** [1950] for writing the intro text that I used when I started teaching my own psch 1 course

Thanks to UCD's Stanley **Sue** [2010] for inviting me to speak at the WPA held in Cancun!





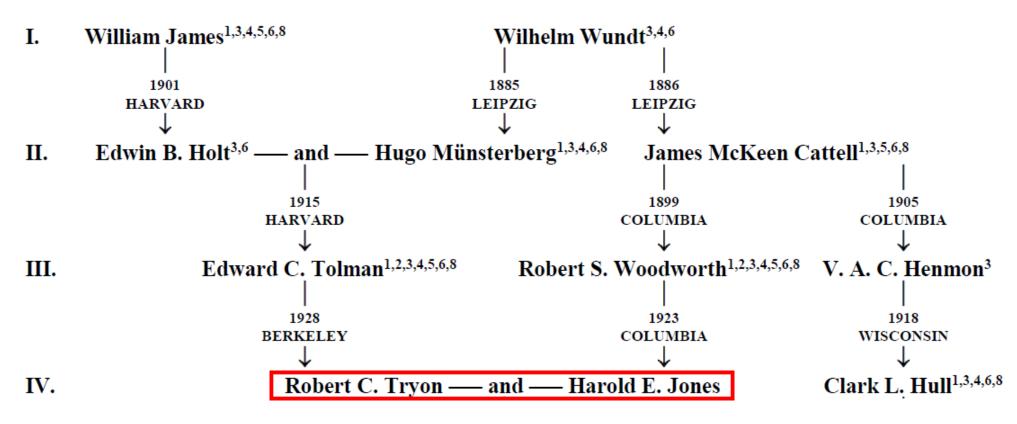




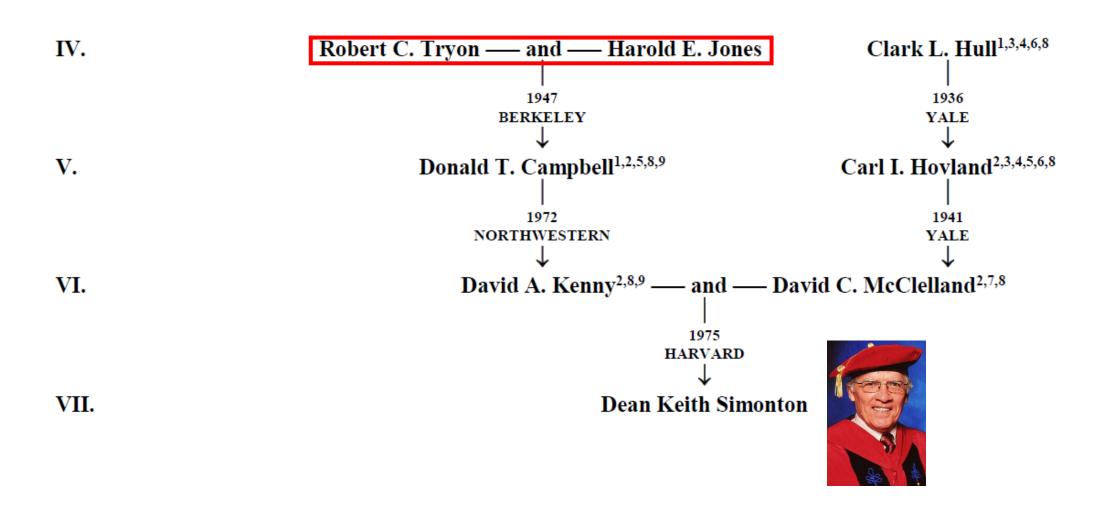
Even if my personal enjoyment may have surpassed my professional development

Lastly, thanks to Robert C. **Tryon** [1948] and Harold E. **Jones** [1935]

A Genealogy of Direct Doctoral Descent



The great grandchildren of James and Wundt who were my doctoral great grandparents!



And thank you all for listening to these moments!